Cab 2

MSDS Number: F1675 \* \* \* \* \* Effective Date: 11/12/03 \* \* \* \* \* Supercedes: 11/02/01

**MSDS** 

Material Safety Data Sheet

From: Mallinckrodt Baker, Inc. 222 Red School Lane Phillipsburg, NJ 08865



24 Hour Emergency Telephone: 908-859-2151 CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300

National Response in Canada CANUTEC: 613-996-6666

Outside U.S. and Canada Chemtrec: 703-527-3887

NOTE: CHEMTREC, CANUTEC and National Response Center emergency numbers to be used only in the event of chemical emergencies involving a spill, leak, line, exposure or accident involving chemicals.

All non-emergency questions should be directed to Customer Service (1,800,582,2537) for assistance,



## 1. Product Identification

Synonyms: Iron chloride; Iron chloride tetrahydrate and dihydrate

CAS No.: 7758-94-3 (Anhydrous); 13478-10-9 (Tetrahydrate), 16399-77-2 (Dihydrate)

Molecular Weight: 126.75 (Anhydrous)

Chemical Formula: FeC12 xH2O - (mixture of 2 water and 4 water salt)

**Product Codes: 5048** 

# 2. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Ingredient	CAS No	Percent	Hazardous
Ferrous Chloride	7758-94-3	99 - 100%	Yes

## 3. Hazards Identification

**Emergency Overview** 

DANGER! CORROSIVE. CAUSES SEVERE IRRITATION OR BURNS TO EVERY AREA OF CONTACT. HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED OR INHALED. AFFECTS THE LIVER.

### **Potential Health Effects**

#### Inhalation:

Corrosive. Extremely destructive to tissues of the mucous membranes and upper respiratory tract. Symptoms may include burning sensation, coughing, wheezing, laryngitis, shortness of breath, headache, nausea and vomiting.

## Ingestion:

Corrosive. Swallowing can cause severe burns of the mouth, throat, and stomach. Can cause sore throat, vomiting, diarrhea. Low systemic toxicity in small quantities but larger doses may cause systemic effects. Pink urine discoloration is a strong indicator of iron poisoning. Liver damage, coma and death may follow, sometimes delayed as long as three days.

#### **Skin Contact:**

Corrosive. May cause severe irritation, redness, pain, and skin burns.

### **Eye Contact:**

Corrosive. Contact causes severe irritation, burns, redness, and pain.

## **Chronic Exposure:**

Repeated ingestion may cause liver damage. Prolonged exposure of the eyes may cause discoloration.

### **Aggravation of Pre-existing Conditions:**

No information found.

## First Aid Measures

#### Inhalation:

Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention immediately.

### Ingestion:

If swallowed, DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Give large quantities of water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention immediately.

### **Skin Contact:**

Wipe off excess material from skin then immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention immediately. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

### **Eye Contact:**

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, lifting lower and upper eyelids occasionally. Get medical attention immediately.

## 5. Fire Fighting Measures

### Fire:

Not considered to be a fire hazard. Irritating hydrogen chloride fumes may form in fire.

### **Explosion:**

Not considered to be an explosion hazard.

### Fire Extinguishing Media:

Use any means suitable for extinguishing surrounding fire. Use water carefully as material will react with

water to form acidic solution.

### **Special Information:**

In the event of a fire, wear full protective clothing and NIOSH-approved self-contained breathing apparatus with full facepiece operated in the pressure demand or other positive pressure mode. Structural firefighter's protective clothing is ineffective for fires involving this material.

## 6. Accidental Release Measures

Ventilate area of leak or spill. Keep unnecessary and unprotected people away from area of spill. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment as specified in Section 8. Spills: Pick up and place in a suitable container for reclamation or disposal, using a method that does not generate dust. Material dissolves in water to form an acidic solution. US Regulations (CERCLA) require reporting spills and releases to soil, water and air in excess of reportable quantities. The toll free number for the US Coast Guard National Response Center is (800) 424-8802.

# 7. Handling and Storage

Keep in a tightly closed container, stored in a cool, dry, ventilated area. Protect against physical damage. Material dissolves in water to form an acidic solution. Isolate from incompatible substances. Containers of this material are hazardous when empty since they retain product residues; observe all warnings for the product.

# 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

### **Airborne Exposure Limits:**

-ACGIH Threshold Limit Value (TLV):

1 mg/m3 (TWA) soluble iron salt as Fe

### **Ventilation System:**

A system of local and/or general exhaust is recommended to keep employee exposures below the Airborne Exposure Limits. Local exhaust ventilation is generally preferred because it can control the emissions of the contaminant at its source, preventing dispersion of it into the general work area. Please refer to the ACGIH document, *Industrial Ventilation*, *A Manual of Recommended Practices*, most recent edition, for details.

### Personal Respirators (NIOSH Approved):

If the exposure limit is exceeded and engineering controls are not feasible, a full facepiece particulate respirator (NIOSH type N100 filters) may be worn for up to 50 times the exposure limit or the maximum use concentration specified by the appropriate regulatory agency or respirator supplier, whichever is lowest. If oil particles (e.g. lubricants, cutting fluids. glycerine, etc.) are present, use a NIOSH type R or P filter. For emergencies or instances where the exposure levels are not known, use a full-facepiece positive-pressure, air-supplied respirator. WARNING: Air-purifying respirators do not protect workers in oxygendeficient atmospheres.

#### Skin Protection:

Wear impervious protective clothing, including boots, gloves, lab coat, apron or coveralls, as appropriate,

to prevent skin contact.

**Eye Protection:** 

Use chemical safety goggles and/or a full face shield where splashing is possible. Maintain eye wash fountain and quick-drench facilities in work area.

# 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance:

Light green crystals.

Odor:

Odorless.

Solubility:

Soluble in water.

Density:

1.93 (tetrahydrate)

pH:

No information found.

% Volatiles by volume @ 21C (70F):

0

**Boiling Point:** 

1023C (1873F) (anhydrous)

**Melting Point:** 

670 - 674C (1238 - 1245F) (anhydrous)

Vapor Density (Air=1):

No information found.

Vapor Pressure (mm Hg):

10 @ 700C (1292F)

Evaporation Rate (BuAc=1):

No information found.

## 10. Stability and Reactivity

Stability:

Stable under ordinary conditions of use and storage.

**Hazardous Decomposition Products:** 

May produce hydrogen chloride. Material dissolves in water to form an acidic solution.

**Hazardous Polymerization:** 

This substance does not polymerize.

Incompatibilities:

Ethylene oxide, potassium, sodium.

Conditions to Avoid:

Incompatibles.

# 11. Toxicological Information

Anhydrous: Oral rat LD50: 450 mg/kg. Investigated as a mutagen.

Hydrate: No LD50/LC50 information found relating to normal routes of occupational exposure.

Ingredient Known Anticipated IARC Category

Ferrous Chloride (7758-94-3) No No None

# 12. Ecological Information

**Environmental Fate:** 

No information found.

**Environmental Toxicity:** 

No information found.

# . Disposal Considerations

Whatever cannot be saved for recovery or recycling should be managed in an appropriate and approved waste facility. Although not a listed RCRA hazardous waste, this material may exhibit one or more characteristics of a hazardous waste and require appropriate analysis to determine specific disposal requirements. Processing, use or contamination of this product may change the waste management options. State and local disposal regulations may differ from federal disposal regulations. Dispose of container and unused contents in accordance with federal, state and local requirements.

## 14. Transport Information

Domestic (Land, D.O.T.)

Proper Shipping Name: FERROUS CHLORIDE, SOLID

Hazard Class: 8 UN/NA: NA1759 Packing Group: II

Information reported for product/size: 500G

International (Water, I.M.O.)

Proper Shipping Name: CORROSIVE SOLID, ACIDIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. (FERROUS

CHLORIDE)

**Hazard Class: 8** UN/NA: UN3260 Packing Group: II

Information reported for product/size: 500G

## 15. Regulatory Information

\Chemical Inventory Status - Part Ingredient		TSCA	EC	Japan	Australia
Ferrous Chloride (7758-94-3)				Yes	
\Chemical Inventory Status - Part	2\				
Ingredient		Korea	DSL	anada NDSL	Phil.
Ferrous Chloride (7758-94-3)				No	
\Federal, State & International Re					
Ingredient	RQ	TPO	302SARA 313 TPQ List Chemical Catg		mical Catg.
Ferrous Chloride (7758-94-3)					
\Federal, State & International Re	gulati				
ngredient	CERCLA		261.33	RCRATSCA- 61.33 8(d)	
Ferrous Chloride (7758-94-3)	100			o No	
hemical Weapons Convention: No TSCA 12 ARA 311/312: Acute: Yes Chronic: Yes					

Ch Reactivity: No (Pure / Solid)

Australian Hazchem Code: 2R Poison Schedule: None allocated.

WHMIS:

This MSDS has been prepared according to the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.

# 16. Other Information

NFPA Ratings: Health: 2 Flammability: 0 Reactivity: 0

Label Hazard Warning:

DANGER! CORROSIVE. CAUSES SEVERE IRRITATION OR BURNS TO EVERY AREA OF

CONTACT. HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED OR INHALED. AFFECTS THE LIVER.

**Label Precautions:** 

Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not breathe dust.

Keep container closed.

Use only with adequate ventilation.

Wash thoroughly after handling.

### Label First Aid:

In case of contact, wipe off excess material from skin then immediately flush eyes or skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If swallowed, DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Give large quantities of water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. In all cases get medical attention immediately.

### **Product Use:**

Laboratory Reagent.

**Revision Information:** 

MSDS Section(s) changed since last revision of document include: 1.

Disclaimer:

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